

QUESTIONNAIRE: Evaluation of Flood Early Warning Systems





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Dear Sir/Madam,

United Nations University Institute for Water, Environment and Health (UNU-INWEH) is conducting a global analysis of the effectiveness and developmental impact of flood early warning systems (FEWS). The survey below is one part of this Initiative.

We would be grateful if you could kindly fill it up. Your participation in the study will contribute to a better understanding of existing flood early warning systems and their active contribution to flood disaster risk reduction and their real benefits to the community.

You are free to contact me at the below address and phone number if you need more clarifications for the survey questions or the research.

We would be grateful if you could spare approximately 45 minutes to complete this survey.

Many thanks in advance.

Duminda Perera

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Special Notes:

- i), FEWS: Flood Early Warning System
- ii), USD: United State Dollar
- iii), If you do not have answers for the compulsory questions, please write NA.
- iv), You can save the survey at the end of each page. One page has seven questions. The restarting link of the survey will be sent to your email. You can restart the survey where you stop, by clicking the link.
- v), We request the contact details of the respondent only for further clarifications (if it is needed). We protect the confidentiality of the contact details.vi), 70% of the questions are MCQs.

1. Please provide the details about the advanced/state-of-the-art Flood Early Warning System (FEWS)* in your Center.

*Please fill separate questionnaire (one questionnaire for each FEWS) if information on more than one FEWS such type is available.

** Target area refers to localities/cities/districts for which flood forecasts are being produced. Note: While answering the questions below, if you do not have exact answers to the questions, please provide the most accurate approximations.

 Year of the establishment of the FEWS 	
 Institution(s) governing FEWS 	
River basin name	
• Area of the basin (km2)	
 Populated downstream city/cities in the river basin 	
 Population of downstream/target area (approximately, if available) 	
• Province	
• Country	
• Contact information of the respondent Name, Email, TP No.	
URL, Web link related to the Center or FEWS.	

2. We have categorized the FWES as Basic, Intermediate and Advanced (Definitions are given below).

Please select the most appropriate category for your Center's FEWS.

- 1. Basic ^a
- 2. Intermediate ^b
- 3. Advanced c

3. What was/were the main reason(s) to implement a FEWS in this area?

- 1. Loss of human lives
- 2. Damages to the houses and household properties of residents
- 3. Damages to the agriculture in the area
- 4. Damages to the industries in the area
- 5. Damages to the natural environment
- 6. Other, please specify

^a Data collection and transferring are manual (not real time, no information about the status of water level). Based on water level or river flow observations, a qualitative forecast is performed and informed to the target community. Community or local authority is involved (None of the below stated are involved in this type of FEWS: Modern equipment, Data collection, Telemetric data communication, Quantitative prediction, Calculation, Modeling).

^b Real-time data is available from river and rainfall gauges, however there is no capacity for modeling-based forecasting. Based on data obtained and past experiences warnings are issues to the target community.

^c Real-time data collection and transfer to a Center for hydrological modeling and forecasting. Flood early warnings are issued, and continuous monitoring and updates are issued.

. I icasc	e mention Published Reports, Journal papers or any			
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<u>) </u>				
))))				
In case	e of floods, how many residents will be at risk in the	downstream/FEWS	s target area?	
	Less than 1000		o .	
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.	Other (specify):			
What	is the nature of the downstream/FEWS` target area	communities?		
1.	Urban			
2.	Semi-urban			
3.	Rural			
4.	Other (specify):			
USD?	re is a quantitative evaluation of the assets in downs			
n USD?	nention the year of evaluation.			
lease m	nention the year of evaluation. are the components of the hydrological observation			
lease m	nention the year of evaluation. are the components of the hydrological observation Rainfall gauges			
ease m What 1. 2. 3.	are the components of the hydrological observation Rainfall gauges Water level gauges Stream-flow gauges	system used in the r	iver basin (Please	select all possible
what 1. 2. 3. What	are the components of the hydrological observation Rainfall gauges Water level gauges	system used in the r	iver basin (Please	select all possible
What 1. 2. 3. What	are the components of the hydrological observation Rainfall gauges Water level gauges Stream-flow gauges	system used in the r	iver basin (Please	select all possible
lease m . What 1. 2. 3 What lank.	are the components of the hydrological observation Rainfall gauges Water level gauges Stream-flow gauges	system used in the r	iver basin (Please ase choose from th	select all possible
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What 1. 2. 3. What lank. Covides t covides t covides t covides t covides t covides t	are the components of the hydrological observation Rainfall gauges Water level gauges Stream-flow gauges is the nature of the components of hydrological obs :- Both the data collection and data recording are manual i.e. the data to the Center. omated**:- Data has recorded automatically but data must be d***:- Both the data recording and collection are automatic r.	system used in the revation system? Ple	iver basin (Please ase choose from the am manually read the red manually by physical orded from the data leads Semi-automated **	select all possible ne following and the data with an instru ically going to the Cogger is directly tra

Rainfall gauges

Water level gauges

Stream-flow gauges

 Rainfall gauges Water level gauges Stream-flow gauges . What are the ways implemented to monitor floods in the target area (Please sel 1. Drones 2. CCTV Cameras	
 Stream-flow gauges What are the ways implemented to monitor floods in the target area (Please sel 1. Drones 	
. What are the ways implemented to monitor floods in the target area (Please sel 1. Drones	
1. Drones	
1. Drones	
	ect all possible answers)?
2. CCTV Cameras	
2 Direct ground observations	
3. Direct ground observations4. Use MODIS images to identify the flooded area (if available)	
5. Others (specify):	
\1	
 What are the dominating factors leading to floods (Please select all possible ans Monsoon 	swers)?
2. Typhoon/Hurricane/Tropical cyclone	
3. Spring snow-melt	
4. Others (please specify):	
WILL A COLL : A DEWIC C	N 1 4 11 11 1
 What are the common types of floods occurring in the FEWS operating area (P Fluvial floods/River floods 	lease select all possible answers
2. Pluvial floods/Surface flood	
3. Flash floods	
4. Ice jam floods	
5. Floods due to upstream dam operations	
6. Other (please specify):	
 Commercial model The model is specifically developed for the flood forecasting Center What are the lead times of the forecasting system? Please provide both short ar ort-term lead time - Hourly to daily ong-term lead time - Daily to monthly 	nd long-term lead times if avails
ing-contribute in Dairy to monthly	
Short-term (Mention with time units)	
Long-term (Mention with time units)	
. What is the frequency of the flood forecasts produced?	
1. Event-based	
2. Continuous	
3. Seasonal	
4. If continuous, please specify (Daily, Weekly, Monthly):	
. What are the outputs of forecasting system or hydrological model (Please select	t all possible answers)?
1. Water level	
2. Stream-flow	
3. Inundation	
. Who are the main end receivers of flood warnings (cities, towns, villages, securi	ity forces, government agencies

20. A	re	the Flood Hazard Maps available in the Center?
	1.	Yes
2	2.	No
21. A	re	the Flood Hazard Maps distributed to the local community under flood risk?
	1.	Yes
2	2.	No
22. A	re	the Flood Hazard Maps updated in a timely manner?
	1.	Annually
	2.	Every two-years time
	3.	Every three-years time
	4.	No updates
	5.	Or, specify:
23 W	Vhe	at are the return periods of the floods for which the flood hazard maps were developed?
	1.	25-years
	2.	50-years
	2. 3.	100-years
	4. ~	200 years
:	5.	Other (specify)
		at are the ways to disseminate warnings to the community (Please select all available options utilized to convey
warn		
	1.	Siren
	2.	Volunteers
	3.	Speakers
	4.	SMS
	5.	Radio
(6.	Television
,	7.	Social Media
:	8.	Official webpage
	9.	Other:
25. V	Vha	at is the average delay between the flood forecast and flood warning delivery(Please specify with the unit in the blank
provi		
		Minutes
,	2.	Hours
	_	Days
		Specify the time:
26. D	oes	the Center require permission from the local political authority before issuing the flood warning?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
		ntinuous updates about the flood are provided after the warnings are issued, what is the frequency of such updates?
	1.	Continuous updates are not available
	2.	Minutes
	3.	Hours
4	4.	Days
		Please specify the time
28. B	ase	ed on past experiences what percentage of people respond to the flood early warnings? Please choose an approximate
		nd fill in the blank.
	1.	No information
2	2.	Less than 10%
	3.	Between 10% and 30%
4	4.	Above 30% and below 50%

Between 50% and 70% Above 70% and below 90%

5.

7. 8.	Above 90% Other (%)
29. Doe	s the community follow the Flood Hazard Maps during a flood event to safeguard their lives and properties? Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
3.	Doll (Kilow
30. Is the	nere any community support network or a team available for women, children, elderly and disabled people in an ion?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
	the people provided with sandbags or alike materials to combat floods?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
32. Has	downstream community undertaken self-protection measures? E.g. Building houses on pillars, build huge walls? Yes
2.	No No
3.	Don't know
٥.	
	ne community informed a list of things to be carried during an evacuation?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
	there frequent programs such as training, seminars, drills to make people aware of flood risk and evacuation are during emergencies? Yes No Don't know
	nere any security given (e.g. Police) to unattended property (e.g. houses, farms, shops, furniture, other valuables) which as is by people during emergencies?
1.	Yes
2.	
3.	Don't know
	nere a community-led flood rescue group in the downstream/FEWS` target area communities?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
37. Wh:	at is the source of investment in the FEWS (Please select all funded sources)?
1.	Loans from international donors
2.	International donations
3.	Bi-lateral funding agencies
4.	Central Government investments
5.	Local Government investment
6.	Private sector investment
7.	Public-Private Partnerships
8.	Research-based project funding (National Fund)
8. 9.	Research-based project funding (National Fund) Research-based project funding (International Fund)
9. 10.	
10.	Others, please specify:

	5 1 111 1	
	Banks providing loans	
•	Donors	
•	Funding agencies	
•	Government	
•	Projects	
•	Private Company Other, specify	
Wh	nat was the total budget received to implement the FEWS (lump-sum amoun	nt in USD)?
ase 1	mention the year of the budget received.	
	ling loans, donations, funds, government investments) received to implement mention the year of the budget received.	
. Ple	ase mention the sources of information for this investment/funding or loan (Reports, new paper articles, wel
		- Francisco - Fali
	cording to the current funding commitments from all sources and availability an of the FEWS in years?	
fe-spa		
fe-spa	an of the FEWS in years?	
fe-spa	nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? The receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be 3 months 6 months 1 year	ty of resources, what would be th
3. Wh 4. Aftc 1. 2. 3. 4.	nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? The receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be 3 months 6 months 1 year	ty of resources, what would be the
3. Wh 4. Aftc 1. 2. 3. 4.	an of the FEWS in years? nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? The receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be a months 6 months 1 year Other, specify: nat were the estimated flood losses in the area before and after the establishmation available)?	e operational??
3. Wh 4. Aftc 1. 2. 3. 4.	an of the FEWS in years? nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? eer the receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be 3 months 6 months 1 year Other, specify: nat were the estimated flood losses in the area before and after the establishmat.	e operational??
3. Wh 4. Afte 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Wh	an of the FEWS in years? nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? ter the receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be 3 months 6 months 1 year Other, specify: nat were the estimated flood losses in the area before and after the establishmation available)? as the system evaluated technically to check its efficiency and the effectiveness.	ty of resources, what would be the eoperational??
3. Wh 1. Afte 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Wh 6. Wa 1.	nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? er the receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be 3 months 6 months 1 year Other, specify: nat were the estimated flood losses in the area before and after the establishmation available)?	ty of resources, what would be the eoperational??
3. Wh 1. Afte 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Wh 6. Wa 1.	nat is the total annual operating cost of FEWS (USD)? er the receipt of funding of finance, how long did it take for the FEWS to be 3 months 6 months 1 year Other, specify: nat were the estimated flood losses in the area before and after the establishmation available)? as the system evaluated technically to check its efficiency and the effectivener Yes No	ty of resources, what would be the eoperational??

18. Accordi		Curacy (%) of the system in the prediction of floods?	
Mis Fals Facordi	sses se alarms		
• Fals	se alarms		
18. Accordi			
19. What is		curacy (70) of the system in the prediction of noods.	
	the financial cost (USD) of a false alarm (Please mention	n if the information is available)?	
50. After the	e establishment of the FEWS are the flood damages to the %.	he physical properties reduced? If Yes, please select a	n
1. Yes	S		
2. No			
	n't know		
	s than of equal 10%		
	% - 25% % - 50%		
	% - 30% % - 75%		
	6 - 7376 6 - 100%		
	ou know the exact % please mention		
51. Due to t	he operational FEWS in the watershed, is there a reduct	tion in causalities?	
f Ves how	many lives (estimated) have been saved (as a %) as compar	ed to non-existent FEWS in the target area?	
1. Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ed to non-existent TEWS in the target area:	
2. No	,		
	n`t know		
4. Les	s than or equal 10%		
5. 10%	√o - 25%		
	√o - 50%		
	√o - 75%		
	% - 100%		
9. If y	ou know the exact %		
52. After the avoided?	e implementation of FEWS in the watershed, how much	(estimated roughly) total economic loss (USD) has be	en
53. What ar	re the benefits to the downstream community due to the	implementation of FEWS?	

55. Has	the implementation of FEWS resulted in an increase in property value of the target area?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
56. As t	he community feels safe due to operational FEWS, has it led to new investments in the downstream or target area?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
3.	DOII I KIIOW
57 A C4.	
	r the implementation of the FEWS, have the existing residents, industries etc. added more investments to their existing
propert	
1.	
2.	No
3.	Don't know
	ng to the FEWS in place, is there any improvement in the overall quality of life of the downstream or target area
populat	ion?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
٥.	Don't Miloti
50 Has	the operation of the FEWS made people and decision makers attitude and awareness to flood risk change?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
60 4	
	there any improvements in the water or communication infrastructure due to the presence of the FEWS?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
	your Center receive new equipment (e.g. for observations, modeling, communication etc.) due to the FEWS`
establis	hment?
1.	Yes
2.	No
62. Did	your staff receive an advanced training due to the establishment of FEWS?
	Yes
2.	No
_,	
63. Are	the number of monitoring stations sufficient to produce accurate forecasts?
1.	Yes
2.	No No
3.	Don't know
<i>(</i> 1 1	
	the measuring equipment, gauges and instruments technologically advanced enough for the purpose?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
65. Is th	e existing staff sufficient for the efficient operation of the FEWS?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know
٥.	
66 Ara	there any backup measurement unit(s) available in the event of break down of operational measurement units?
1.	Yes
2.	No
3.	Don't know

67.	Are	the forecasters provided with appropriate, timely training to use advanced models or components of the FEWS?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
	٥.	Don't know
68	Door	s the Center consist of sufficiently skilled and well informed staff to norform forceasts?
00.		s the Center consist of sufficiently skilled and well-informed staff to perform forecasts?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
69.	Are	the models used for flood forecasting advanced enough to produce accurate estimates?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
	٥.	Don't know
70	Ic th	e communication system reliable for flood warning dissemination?
70.		
	1.	Yes
	2.	No .
	3.	Don't know
71.	Does	s the community have sufficient infrastructure, equipment or mechanism to receive the warnings?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
	٥.	20.00.000
72	Door	s the hydrological observation system provide reliable data to be input into the forecasting model?
14.		
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
73.	Is th	e funding consistent for continuous operation of the FEWS?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
	٥.	201 CARLON
74	Ic th	e funding sufficient to operate the FEWS?
/ T.		Yes
	1.	
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
75.	Is th	ere a budget for improving or updating the system?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
	٥.	201 CARLON
76	Ic th	e budget adequate to train the needed human resource to operate the FEWS?
70.		
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
77.	Do t	he people respond promptly to the flood warnings?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
	٥.	_
72	Do +	he people find the forecasts credible?
70.		
		Yes, what is the level of acceptance as a percentage (approximately)?
	1.	Yes

2. No

	3. 4.	Don't know If Yes, what is the approximate acceptance %?
79.	1. 2. 3.	there social barriers to the assimilation and utilization of warning information? Yes No Don't know
80.	If Y	es, what are they?
Q1	Ara	there flood insurances available in the area?
01.	1.	Yes
	2.	No No
	3.	Don't know
82.	If Y	es, what percentage of the community can afford the flood insurance?
83.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	do you assess the support provided by local political authorities for the efficient operation of FEWS? Highly supportive Moderately supportive Less supportive No support Don't know
84.	Do t	he policymakers take necessary actions to minimize the flood risk in the downstream target area?
	1.	Yes
	2.	No
	3.	Don't know
		ou very much for completing the Questionnaire. Will you be available for further inquiry regarding the Flood Early Warning in your Center? 1, Yes 2, No
If y	es, p	lease provide your email address:
		